Maternal, Neonatal, and Child Health Profile

Country Context

14,405 (2023) Total population (000) 37 (2020)

Lifetime risk of maternal deaths (1 in N)

2,195 (2023)
Total under-five population

23 (2021) Stillbirth rate

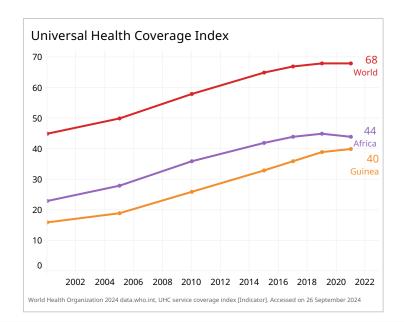
488 (2023) Total Births (000) 44,118 (2022)
All under-five deaths

4 (2023)
Total fertility rate (births per woman)

29,578 (2022)
All 1-59 months deaths

2,557 (2020) Total maternal deaths

96 (2022) Under-five mortality rate



Mortality Targets

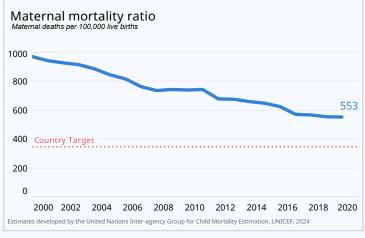
343 per 100,000 live births by 2024
Country-Reported Maternal Mortality Rate Target

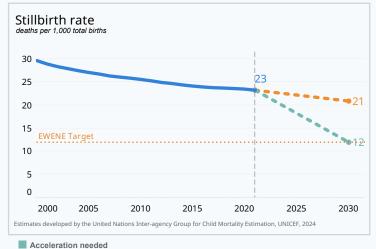
NA per 1,000 total births by NA Country-Reported Stillbirth Rate Target

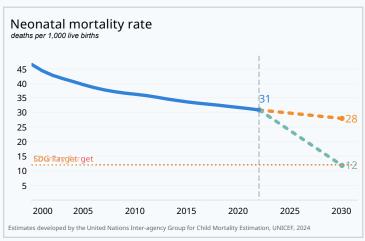
\$\ 12 per 1,000 live births by 2024 Country-Reported Neonatal Mortality Rate Target

25 per 1,000 live births by 2030 Under-5 Mortality Rate Target

13 per 1,000 live births by 2030 1-59 months Mortality Rate Target















Maternal, Neonatal, and Child Health Profile

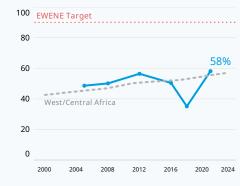
		Year	Country	Region
ty	Total maternal deaths	2020	2,557	147,000
Maternal Mortality	Lifetime risk of maternal deaths (1 in N)	2020	37	27
aternal	Stillbirth rate	2021	23	23
Σ	Maternal mortality ratio	2020	553	724
	Anemia in women aged 15-49 (%)	2019	48	49
_	Women of reproductive age, short stature (%)	2018	2	
Jutritio	Women (age 20+) underweight (BMI <18.5) (%):	2016		10
_	Iron and folic acid for pregnant women (%)	2018	24	
	Low birth weight prevalence (%)			
Pre-pregnancy	Demand for family planning satisfied with modern methods (maried/in union) (%)	2018	38	41
Pre-pre	Informed decisions (15-19) for sexual reproductive health (%)	2018	16	12
	Skilled birth attendant (%)	2018	55	62
Birth	Caesarean section rate (%)	2018	3	5
	Institutional deliveries (total) (%)	2018	53	64
	Antenatal care (four or more visits) (%)	2021	58	56
nancy	Treatment of pregnant women living with HIV with ART (%)	2023	69	54
Pregnancy	Intermittent preventive treatment for malaria during pregnancy 3+ (%)	2021	50	23
	Neonatal tetanus protection	2023	75	77
	Postnatal care for mothers (%)	2018	49	54
	Postnatal care for newborns (%)	2018	43	61
natal	Minimum dietary diversity (6-23 months) (%)	2018	14	25
Postnata	Baby weighed at birth (%)	2012	43	
	Early initiation of breastfeeding	2018	43	41
	Exclusive breastfeeding (0-5 months)	2018	33	64

Progress to meet EWENE Coverage Targets

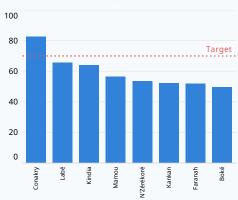


Four or more Antenatal Care Contact

Percentage of pregnant women with at least four antenatal care contacts



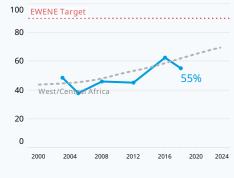
Percentage of pregnant women with at least four antenatal care contacts by division



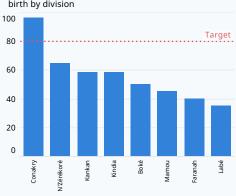


Skilled Attendant at Birth

Percentage of women with skilled attendant at last birth



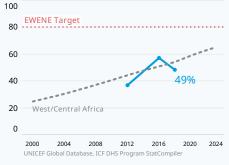
Percentage of women with skilled attendant at last birth by division



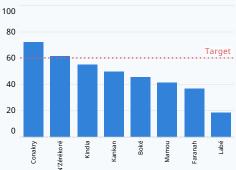


Postnatal Care for Women

Percentage of women with postnatal care within two days for birth



Percentage of women with postnatal care within two days for birth by division









Maternal, Neonatal, and Child Health Profile

National Policy

Access to emergency obstetric care	Defined list of essential equipment needed for and comprehensive EmOC	Yes	
	National strategy/implementation plan for scale up	Yes	
	EmOC facility mapping showing the 2021 geographical distribution with MoH	Yes	
rgency	Specific budget line in the national plans (and where relevant sub national plans)	Yes	
to eme	Defined minimum number of midwives to be staffed in an EmOC health facility for providing 24h/7d care	Yes	
ccess 1	Standardized designs and floor plans for the basic EmOC health facilities	No	
٩	Country capacity to provide yearly data on the performance of EmOC signal functions for measuring the availability of EmOC	Yes	
Scaling up small and sick newborn care	Defined list of essential equipment needed for level 2 small and sick newborn care	Yes	
	National strategy/implementation plan for scale-up	No	
	Specific budget line in the national plans (and where relevant subnational plans)	No	
	Defined Human Resources staffing norms for level 2 newborn care	Yes	
	Standardized designs and floor plans to deliver level 2 package of services	No	
	Does the country have a data system to record admissions, outcomes, and quality of care for level 2 newborn care?	No	
	Policy provision of free transport of small and sick newborn (either government-provided or voucher for transport)	No	
	Coordination mechanism linking improvement of level 2 newborn care with improving maternity services to prevent major conditions causing newborn deaths	Yes	
	Provision in policy/guidelines for engagement of families in the care of babies	No	
	System for post discharge follow-up of babies to improve survival, growth and development	Yes	
Evon	Newborn Action Plan (ENAP) and Ending Proyentable Maternal Martality (EDMM), Joint Country Implementation Tracking T	ool 2022	Pacad

Every Newborn Action Plan (ENAP) and Ending Preventable Maternal Mortality (EPMM), Joint Country Implementation Tracking Tool. 2022. Based

Women who make their own informed decisions (%) 100 75 50 25 Women who make their own informed decisions (%) 15 2018 76 2018 Contraceptive use Reproductive health care 41 2018 40 2018 Sexual relations Access to women and men aged 15 years and older to sexual and 79 2022 reproductive health care, information and education (%) Maternity Care 94 2022 Contraceptive and Family Planning 52 2022 Sexuality Education 100 2022 75 2022

United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) Indicators Database.

Quality of Care, Health Workforce, and Data for Action

National strategy for accrediting and contracting private sector for MNH	Yes	National strategy/plan for human resources for MNH	Yes	
National quality of care standards for MNH	Yes	Defined core competencies for midwifery practice (essential competencies as per ICM)	Yes	
National quality of care standards for small and sick newborn care	No	Defined core competencies for newborn care, including small and sick newborn care	No	
Agreed set of quality of care indicators	Yes	Defined core competencies for community health or extension workers	Yes	
Maternal and perinatal death surveillance system in place for maternal deaths	Yes	Electronic individual patient-based data system for maternity care to include uterotonic use, labour monitor, breastfeeding, and neonatal resuscitation if need	No	
Maternal and perinatal death surveillance system in place for neonatal deaths	Yes	Electronic individual patient-based data system for small and sick newborn care to include details on Kangaroo Mother Care, oxygen/CPAP use, antibiotics, etc.	No	
Maternal and perinatal death surveillance system in place for stillbirths	No	Integration of maternal and perinatal death surveillance system data and routine health information system	Yes	
National quality of care plan included community participation in MNH for priority setting and planning	Yes	Mechanism for data sharing from the private/NGO sector	Yes	
National quality of care plan included community participation in MNH for	Yes			

Every Newborn Action Plan (ENAP) and Ending Preventable Maternal Mortality (EPMM), Joint Country Implementation Tracking Tool. 2022. Based on country self-report.

monitoring and evaluation

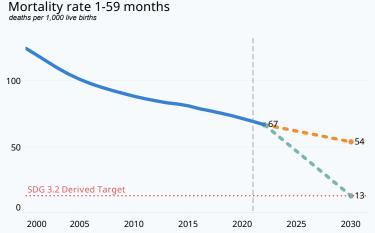




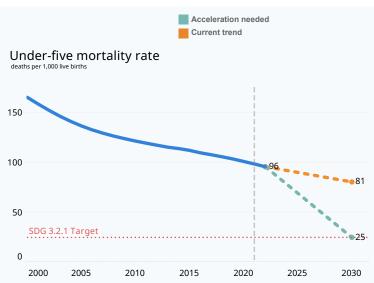


Maternal, Neonatal, and Child Health Profile

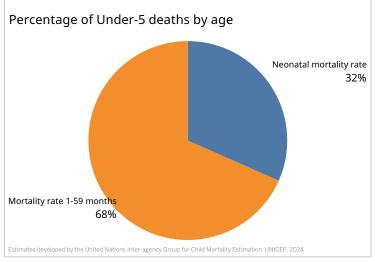
Child Mortality and Nutrition Outcomes

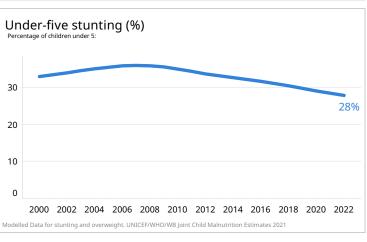


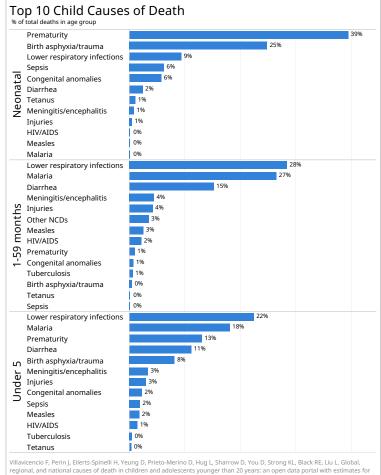












2000–21. Lancet Glob. Health 2023. https://doi.org/10.1016/ S2214-109X(23)00496-5



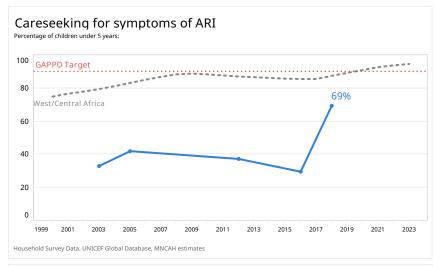


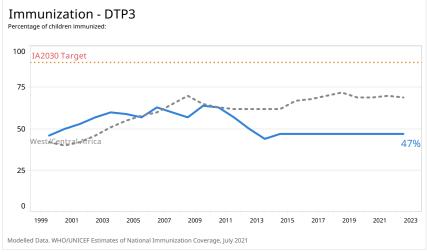


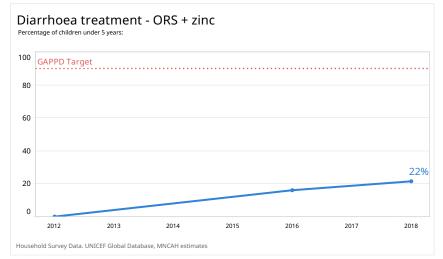
Maternal, Neonatal, and Child Health Profile

		Year	Country	Pagion
	Neonatal deaths, as % of all <5	2022	33	Region 35
	All under-five deaths	2022	44,118	1,863,489
Mortality	Under-five mortality rate	2022	96	89
Mor	Neonatal mortality rate	2022	31	30
	Mortality rate 1-59 months	2022	67	61
	Under-five stunting (%)	2022	28	32
Nutrition	Under-five wasting (%)	2018	9	7
Nutr	orider-live washing (%)			
	Under-five overweight (%)	2022	6	3
	Immunization - DTP3	2023	47	69
	Immunization - Measles	2023	47	40
Prevent	Malaria prevention in children under-five - sleeping under ITNs (%)	2023		52
Pre	DTP1-DTP3 dropout (%)	2023	24	
	DTP1-MCV1 dropout (%)	2023	24	
	Zero-dose children	2023	176,000	
	Vitamin A supplementation, full coverage	2022	97	71
e)	Minimum dietary diversity (6-23 months) (%)	2018	14	25
Promote	Early initiation of breastfeeding	2018	43	41
Δ.	Exclusive breastfeeding (0-5 months)	2018	33	64
	Continued breastfeeding (12-23 months)	2018	78	64
	Careseeking for symptoms of ARI	2018	69	40
	Careseeking for fever (%)	2021	61	57
sat	Diarrhoea treatment: ORS	2018	55	33
Tre	Diarrhoea treatment - ORS + zinc	2018	22	18
	Malaria diagnostics in children under-five with fever (%)	2021	28	24
	Treatment with ACT amongst children receiving any antimalarials (%)	2018	18	
	Population using at least basic drinking-water services	2022	71	
	Population using at least basic sanitation services	2022	31	
	Population with hand washing facilities with soap and water at home	2022	21	
text	Total under-five population (000)	2023	2,195	95,801
Context	Total Births (000)	2023	488	21,418
	Birth registration (%)	2018	62	59
	Reliance on clean fuels and technologies (%)	2022	1	
	UHC Service Coverage Index (SDG 3.8.1)	2021	40	

Child Health Interventions









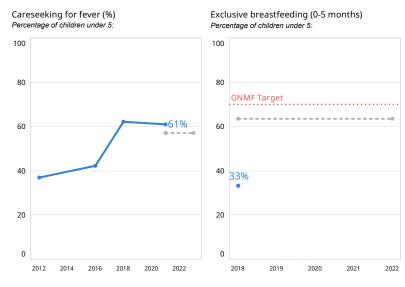




Maternal, Neonatal, and Child Health Profile

Na	tional Policy		
	Birth registration	Yes	
	Birth/Labour companion	Yes	•
	Costed RMNCH strategy/plan including MNH	Yes	•
alth	Eight ANC contacts	No	•
Maternal Health	Labour Care Guide/Revised partograph	No	•
erna	Maternal death registration with civil registrar	Yes	•
Mate	Neonatal death registration with civil registrar	Yes	•
	PNC updated with WHO recommendations	Yes	•
	RMNCH/MNH plan updated to include quality of care standards	Yes	•
	Stillbirth registration	No	•
	born Action Plan (ENAP) and Ending Preventable Maternal Mortality (EPMM), Joint Country	Implement	ation
~	pol. 2022. Based on country self-report.	NI-	
rtific Is	Maize	No	
e Fort Foods	Rice	No	
Folate Fortified Foods	Wheat	Yes	
ood Fortif	ication Initiative. 2023 Annual Report. FFI: Atlanta, USA 2024. Accessed at: https://www.ffin I-reports	etwork.	
	Civil society involvement in national maternal, newborn and child health programs	Yes	
	Dedicated adolescent health/well-being strategic plan	Yes	
Governance	International code of marketing of breastmilk substitutes	No	
Gover	Maternity protection (Convention 183)	No	
	National coordinating body that looks at RMNCAH or its components	Yes	
	National policy or guideline to improve quality of care of SRMNCAH services	Yes	
)eath v	A national maternal death review committee	Yes	
Maternal Death Review	A national policy to notify all maternal deaths	Yes	
Mat	A national policy to review all maternal deaths	Yes	•
	Costed national implementation plan(s) for maternal, newborn and child health available	Yes	
	Integrated plan of SRMNCAH	Yes	
	Birth registration requirement	Yes	
olicies	Dedicated child health strategic plan	No	
Child Health Policies	Policy on the managemenet of pneumonia in children 2 - 59 months	Yes	
Child	Policy on the managemenet of diarrhoea in children 0 - 9 years	Yes	
	Policy on the managemenet of hospitalised children 1 month - 9 years	Yes	
	Policy on early childhood development	Yes	
	Policy on integrated management of childhood illness	Yes	

Sexual, Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn, Child and Adolescent Health Policy Survey, 2024



Comparison to Regional Estimate in gray. Household Survey Data. UNICEF Global Database, MNCAH estimates

Comparison to Regional Estimate in gray. Household Survey Data. UNICEF Global Database, MNCAH estimates

Investment, Response, Resiliency, Equity

Budgeted RMNCAH strategy (including MNH)	Partial	
Subnational implementation plans at the State/Regional/Provincial levels	Yes	
Subnational implementation plans at the district or an equivalent subnational unit le	Yes	
Budgeted/financed subnational plans	Partial	•
Tracking for domestic research allocations for MNH	Yes	•
Additional resources allocated for vulnerable population groups	Yes	•
User-fee exemptions for MNH	No	•
Insurance or financial protection scheme for MNH	No	
Emergency transport system for MNH	Partial	•
National emergency response plan	Yes	
National quality of care plan included community participation in MNH for priority se	Yes	•

Every Newborn Action Plan (ENAP) and Ending Preventable Maternal Mortality (EPMM), Joint Country Implementation Tracking Tool. 2022. Based on country self-report.

Commodities

Tracking availability/stock outs of caffeine citrate	Yes	
Tracking availability/stock outs of dexamethasone	Yes	•
Tracking availability/stock outs of heat stable carbetocin	No	•
Tracking availability/stock outs of magnesium sulfate	Yes	•
Tracking availability/stock outs of oxytocin	Yes	•

Every Newborn Action Plan (ENAP) and Ending Preventable Maternal Mortality (EPMM), Joint Country Implementation Tracking Tool. 2022. Based on country self-report.

Research and Innovation

D	oes the country have a national prioritised research agenda for maternal and ne	No	
Ic	dentified innovation needs for MNH	Yes	•
N	lational mechanism for sharing learning	Yes	

Every Newborn Action Plan (ENAP) and Ending Preventable Maternal Mortality (EPMM), Joint Country Implementation Tracking Tool. 2022.

Based on country self-report.

Accountability

Representation from civil society, women's groups, and parent advocacy groups	Yes	•
Representation from parent advocacy groups for MNH and prevention of stillbir	No	

Every Newborn Action Plan (ENAP) and Ending Preventable Maternal Mortality (EPMM), Joint Country Implementation Tracking Tool. 2022. Based on country self-report.





